Re-Aligning Policy Framework for Implementation of SDGs

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Self learning Review

• Performing but much less than potential
• MDGs remain foreign agenda – ownership
• Devoid of integration – interdependence
• Less clarity -- roles & responsibility
• Emerging evolving democracy
• War against terror – socio-eco loss
• Weak data – less frequent– sample size
• Law of Averages
Main Issues

- Priority - no champion – no early harvest
- Confused terminology - improved supply
- Lack of Communities
- Ground realities- culture
- Less local technical services
- Absence of local vender /entrepreneur
- Single source financing
- Technology
Human security basis of national security
Human first approach - from GDP to HDI
Nexus of poverty – health – environment
Integration – pillars -
Mainstreaming SDGs into economic planning
Institutional setup for – goals -targets – resources – measuring performance - accountability
Still Missing

- EQUITY _____ Sustainability
- Civil Society role
- Resource mobilization
- Innovating financing models
- Scaling up success projects
- Indigenous vendors
- Technology transfer
- Not noticing vulnerabilities –resilience- climate change
- Urban rural divide –urban slums – regional disparities – gender dignity
Three Step Sequence of Development Planning

**Vision**
- Aspirational objectives
- Participation
- Priorities and goals

**Strategy**
- Framework
- 5 year plan
- Institutions

**Program**
- Incentives
- PSDP
- Policies (Micro & Macro)
Lessons learnt from MDGs

- MDGs were officially acknowledged in 2004 and localization started in 2010
- Development framework remained alien to MDGs
- Timely and pro-active reaction on SDGs by GoP
  - Economic policies and development framework is aligned to SDGs framework
- Many rounds of coordination between federal government and federating units
Our Approach to SDGs

• Well designed and well defined localization of targets and goals
• Methodological selection and prioritizing of indicators
• Implementation and measurement considerations for revamping:
  – Institutional, legal, policy and financing framework
  – Quantitative and qualitative aspects of data
  – Monitoring and evaluation framework
Priority Areas of SDGs for Pakistan

- Poverty eradication and equity
- Sustainable agriculture, food security and nutrition
- Health and population dynamics
- Education and lifelong learning
- Gender equality and women’s empowerment
- Water and sanitation
- Energy Security
- Resilient infrastructure
- Sustainable cities and human settlements
- Climate change
- Peaceful and inclusive societies
Institutional Arrangements

- National Economic Council
- Parliamentary Committee on SDGs
- Provincial Parliamentary Committee
- Stakeholders (CSOs, NGOs and Private sector)
- Planning Commission
- Provincial Planning & Dev Departments
- Local Govts.
- Federal Ministries
Our Approach to SDGs: Institutional Framework

• Strengthened and reformed the coordination role of Planning Commission
  – Enhance effectiveness of inter-governmental coordination and collaboration
• Reposition Local Government as the SDGs focal tier
• Improve coordination with the private sector including corporates, CSOs and development partners
• National Committee on SDGs will include corporates, academia, parliamentarians, civil society etc.
Our Approach to SDGs: Partnerships Framework

• Develop a National consistency framework to align federal and provincial growth strategies and development framework with SDGs

• Establish Citizen Feedback Mechanism

• Establish Community Consultative Partnerships

• Establish Private sector Partnerships
  – For provision of services and, advocacy and awareness
Policy and Legal Framework

- Sustainable Development Goals related legislation wherever needed
- Parliament has dedicated Parliamentary SDG Caucus
- Fiscal Responsibility legislation has already guaranteed minimum 4.5% of GDP for poverty related sectors
- Conditional Cash Transfers for education/ health
  - BISP has already started in education
• Realign National Statistical system with the SDGs (Work started)
• Prioritize administrative data improvements
• Improve quality of citizenry data
• Establish an SDGs-wide M&E platform
• Dashboards for policy makers
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<th>Human Resources Framework</th>
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<td>• Conduct institutional reviews and skills capacity assessment</td>
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<td>• Implement training and capacity building programmes for provincial and local governments</td>
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<td>• Secure additional funding for promotion of SDGs framework and technical expertise</td>
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Financing Framework

- Adequate fund allocations for localized goals and targets
- Strengthen budgetary systems at Federal and provincial government levels
- Develop and increase private sector financing for SDGs
- Harness corporate social responsibility funding
- Steer and direct development partner funding to priority areas
Pakistan has proactively started localizing SDGs
• SDGs were embedded in 7 pillars of long-term roadmap Vision 2025
• SDGs Unit in Planning Commission is connected to SDG Units in provinces (Punjab has already established and Sindh at advance stage)
• Pakistan’s Parliament became 1st to adopt SDGs
• Development framework is well aligned with SDGs framework
• Pakistan will built upon failures of MDGs
Thank you